

THE Gleichen Call



Eighth Year, No. 35

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1914

Per Year \$1.50

Concert and Dance in Aid of Red Cross on Friday, Nov. 20

Tomorrow night—Friday—promises to be the "Red Cross Night" for Gleichen, when a concert and dance will be given in the Gleichen Opera House and when it is most sincerely hoped and expected that the treasury of the Gleichen branch of the society will be enhanced by many dollars.

As reported in last issue a committee was appointed to carry out a program that will be unique in Gleichen in that it will consist of the very best talent available in Calgary and the CALL has it from a member of a committee that they have succeeded in obtaining exceptional artists who are only too willing to lend their best services for the noble cause as will be seen by the program appended:

Overture.....	103rd Orchestra
—Mayor's Remarks—	
1. Pianoforte Solo.....	Mrs. Rhodes
2. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. W. Hunter
3. Bagpipe Selections, Piper Maj. W. L. Pow, Piper D. S. Slicer	
4. Song.....	Selected.....Miss R. Stewart
5. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. J.K. Matheson
6. Highland Fling.....	Mr. Neil McLardie
7. Recitation.....	Selected.....Miss Reid
8. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. Frank Dallison
—INTERVAL—	
Orchestral Selection 103rd Orchestra	

PART II	
1. Bagpipe Selection, Piper Maj. W. L. Pow, Piper D. S. Slicer	
2. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. J.K. Matheson
3. Duet, Selected.....	Miss Stewart, Mr. McLardie
4. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. Frank Dallison
5. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. D. Stinton
6. Sword Dance.....	Selected.....Mr. McLardie
7. Song.....	Selected.....Miss Stewart
8. Song.....	Selected.....Mr. W. Hunter

It may be well here to remark again that the promoters of the Gleichen Stampede have most generously come forward with a proposition to defray the expenses that may be incurred with the giving of the concert and dance in order that every dollar taken in should be turned over to the society and it may be as well to add that in practically every case where the conditions and circumstances have been fully explained that reductions have been allowed by those who cater for the entertainment. Thus it is only natural to conclude that the undertaking is assured of success.

From a social point of view it is the aim of the committee to make everybody enjoy themselves, both at the concert and dance, and it is their most earnest desire to make of this entertainment and that every Gleichenite will be proud to speak of in the years to come.

It would indeed be most difficult to attempt to even give a brief reference of the artists who will take part in the concert, but it is stated that each and every member has been selected after the most careful consideration of the committee.

The orchestra, too, is said to be exceptionally good and will comprise of six of Calgary's leading musicians.

The ladies of the local society are taking a very active part in the entertainment and have determined to swell the funds by bringing very dainty luncheons in boxes which will be offered for sale at 50 cents each.

Last Friday A. Swan left for his home in Glasgow Scotland, where on Thursday night of last week and he hopes to be able to join some about four inches of snow fell and regiment and go to the front, as it will be seen by the weather report "Shorty" as he is familiarly styled port the thermometer continued by his friends has been quite a conspicuous figure about Gleichen for it reached 8 below zero, but as we several years and his friends wish him all things good.

Are you a member of the Hockey Club? It only costs \$1.

The continued fine weather broke home in Glasgow Scotland, where on Thursday night of last week and he hopes to be able to join some about four inches of snow fell and regiment and go to the front, as it will be seen by the weather report "Shorty" as he is familiarly styled port the thermometer continued by his friends has been quite a conspicuous figure about Gleichen for it reached 8 below zero, but as we several years and his friends wish him all things good.

OFF TO THE WAR Percy E. Kingsmith and Arthur Weddell

Percy E. Kingsmith and Arthur Weddell are booked to go to war. And be it known that they are envied by many of their Gleichen comrades who most eagerly enrolled here at the first opportunity.

One young man said to the CALL yesterday in the course of conversation:

"A whole bunch of us went up to Calgary to enlist with the 32nd Alberta Rifles. No, I don't know who all went for that is some town-site, but I saw Percy Kingsmith, Arthur Weddell, George Moss, Bert Woods, Wm. Nixon, Osten Brown and some of the other boys I can't recall. Well, when we got there we found there were over 900 ready to enlist and all required was 225. There was not even a 'look in' for us, but we signed up for the next contingent."

"But, say wasn't Kingsmith and Weddell lucky? They just went back to rubber around and after the final inspection there were a few fellows turned down and they got in. They are now on the job in the barracks."

"Well, it's a long way to Tipperary but we will get there yet."

The Gleichen Red Cross Society

The committee of the Gleichen branch of the Red Cross Society passed a vote of thanks to the following for services rendered:

Mrs. G. L. Farrow for the loan of planks.
Mrs. Jowett for the loan of sewing machines.
J. H. Gooderham for coal donated.
S. A. Hall for cotton for the sign.
Robt. Rowe for painting the sign.
H. E. Brown for free cartage.
A. Reid for putting up the stove.
For the purpose of advertising and keeping the movement alive all members and associates are requested to wear the button badges of the Red Cross Society especially at the forth coming concert and dance.

The badges are being mailed to all the members and associates that have paid up to date.

W. R. Payne returned yesterday from a successful deer hunt west of High River.

Mrs. C. J. Bray left on Sunday for Calgary to undergo a surgical operation.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Holland, on Friday, Nov. 13th, a daughter.

Chief Roberts has moved the chemical engines from the fire hall to the power house for the winter and desires it to be known that the key can be found in the lamp hung by the whistle rod by anyone who may have occasion to send in a fire alarm. The chief has moved the engines as the cold weather is at hand and it will save considerable expense in coal and the work of keeping up fires.

Enthusiastic Hockey Club Meeting

Tuesday evening a well-attended and enthusiastic meeting was held in Thos. Henderson's real estate office for the purpose of holding the annual meeting of the Gleichen Hockey Club and the election of officers.

Jas. Gibson occupied the chair and after outlining the objects of the meeting called for nominations which resulted in the election of the following officers and committee:

Hon. Pres. C. J. Bray
Hon. Vice-Pres. Thos. Henderson
Pres. F. L. Mallory
Vice-Pres. J. A. MacDonald
Sec.-Treas. H. Dexter McKay
Manager Jas. Gibson
On motion Pres. Mallory appointed Messrs. Frank Scott and O. McHugh a committee to assist the officers in the general management of the Club.

Messrs. McKie and McKay were elected to represent this Club as delegates at a meeting to be held in Bassano on Friday, Nov. 27th, for the purpose of preparing a schedule for the League games for the coming season.

It was stated that Bassano and Brooks had already expressed their willingness to enter again the Bow Valley Hockey League, but that while Strathmore and Langdon were anxious to join the present train service made it difficult as they could not make a try town without the loss of an entire day. However, it was thought best to do everything possible to encourage the two western towns to come in and it was pointed out that by visiting each town on Saturday evenings practically no working time would be lost.

Manager Gibson stated that the local club had two good teams for this year and before adjourning a number purchased membership cards for the season at \$1. It is hoped that all who are interested in this exciting game will show their good-will by purchasing a ticket.

Gleichen Grain Market

SPRING WHEAT	
1 Northern	\$.99
2 Northern .....	.96
3 Northern .....	.91
4 Northern .....	.86
5 Northern .....	.71
6 Northern .....	.76
Feed .....	.70
2 C.W. Oats .....	.44
Ex. 1 Feed Oats .....	.42
Malting Barley .....	.54
3 Barley .....	.54
4 Barley .....	.50
Feed .....	.47
1 Nor West Flax .....	.91
2 Can West .....	.88
3 .....	.71

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Creighton accompanied by their son and her mother returned to Gleichen last Thursday from the state of Virginia where they have resided for the past three years. They spent until Tuesday visiting Mrs. F. C. Vigar and other former friends here, when they left for Ponoka near where they will locate. They were ranching for a number of years on the Rosebud creek before leaving here for the benefit of their son's health, who has now completely recovered and is enjoying the best of health.

Skating on Bartsch's slough is now the popular sport.

Preparations are being made to flood the rink.

GLEICHEN SIXTH ANNUAL SEED GRAIN FAIR

THE COMPLETE LIST OF PRIZES AND RULES

The Sixth Annual Seed Fair of the Gleichen District Agricultural Society will be held in the Opera House on Saturday, November 28th and the directors look forward to a big number of entries this year and are most anxious to make this year's fair the most successful ever held by the association.

It is to be hoped all will take a lively interest in the fair and induce their friends to bring along as many exhibits as they possibly can.

The time set does not allow much time to advertise the dates but it has been found the most convenient for all concerned and it is especially pointed out that it will give the prize winners at Gleichen ample time to ship in their exhibits for the Provincial Seed Fair which opens on December 7th in Calgary.

As usual the Provincial Government will supply the judges and full particulars may be obtained from Secretary Peter McLean.

Appended is a list of the prizes offered and the rules governing the Gleichen fair:

RULES	
1.—All seeds entered for competition must have been grown by the exhibitor during the year 1913.	
2.—No seed shall be admitted for competition for prizes unless the quantities of seed for sale, as per sample exhibited, are at least 50 bus. of wheat, oats or barley; 20 bus. of speltz; 5 bus. of flax seed, timothy seed or field peas; 1 bu. of garden peas.	
3.—In classes 1-10 inclusive, one bushel of seed shall be shown in classes 11-13, a half-bushel. All exhibits of seed shall be held to be representative of the total quantity of such seed offered for sale by the exhibitor.	
4.—No premiums shall be awarded on exhibits that contain impurities which, in the opinion of the judge, are of a noxious nature.	
5.—No exhibitor shall receive more than one prize in any class.	
6.—All samples of seed must be eabled after judging, with the name and address of the exhibitor, the name of the variety, the amount of seed for sale and the selling price.	
7.—Entry fee shall be 1-10th of prizes won to non-members and free to members of the Gleichen District Agricultural Society.	
8.—In case of dispute, a statutory declaration that the above rules have been complied with may be required from each or any exhibitor of seed.	
9.—All exhibits for competition for prizes must be delivered at the Gleichen Opera house, Gleichen, not later than 10 a. m., Saturday, November, 28th, 1914, and shall not be removed until the close of the Fair.	

9 Speltz	5 3 1
10 Flax Seed	5 2 1
11 Peas, Field	5 3 1
12 Peas, Garden	8 6 4
13 Rye Seed	6 4 2
14 Timothy Seed	4 2 1
15 Potatoes	5 3 1
16 Best collection of seed at least 5 kinds and 1 bu. of each kind..	12 8 4

PROGRAM	
10 a.m.—All exhibits must be in place.	
Judging begins.	
12:30 to 2:30 p.m.—Seed Market.	
The hall will be open for the examination, buying and selling of Seed.	
2:30 p.m. PUBLIC MEETING	
Addresses will be given by speakers supplied by the Dominion Seed Branch, open discussion will follow	
5 p.m.—Close of Fair, exhibits may be removed.	
Jas. Young, President	
Peter MacLean, Sec'y.	

SEED CATALOGUE	
A bulletin will be published by the Provincial Dept. of Agriculture giving a list and description of all the commendable exhibits of seed at Seed Fairs held in Alberta previous to February 1st.	
You can get a copy by writing to the Superintendent Seed Branch at Edmonton.	

Gleichen's Meteorological Report	
The following weather report is supplied by J. W. Jowett, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:	
	MIN. MAX.
Nov. 11.....	22 40
12.....	27 46
13.....	22 36
14.....	19 30
15.....	16 24
16.....	*8 30
17.....	2 34
* Below zero.	
Mrs. Frank Knott of Canmore has been visiting her brother and sisters, Messrs. J. J. and Chas. Marshall and Mrs. Beaupre for the past week.	

MISCELLANEOUS

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

FOR SALE—Household furniture at a sacrifice including stoves, upright piano (\$75), 28 volume set of Encyclopedia Britannica (\$25). Apply to W. B. Putnam, 3 miles north of Namaka.

STRAYED—From S. 22, T. 19, R. 8 one bay mare 4 years old, white strip on face heavy in foal and branded VV on right shoulder, also one chestnut gelding same age branded 83 monogram, on left shoulder. \$10 reward for information leading to recovery of same. Riley A. Bishop, Langdon, Alta.

LOST—Black Handbag, containing two letters and some cash. Finder will be rewarded on returning to E. H. Robinson, Gleichen.

\$5.00 REWARD
Estray—White saddle horse, fore-top cut off, tail pulled, branded V on the left thigh and on left shoulder. Apply to L. R. Holman, Lone Butte.

STRAYED—from 7 miles North of Southesk on May 15th, 1914, one work horse with halter, described as follows:—Bay gelding, white hind feet, star in face, weight 1350 lbs., branded CPR on left shoulder, hoof brand A41. A suitable reward will be paid for information leading to recovery of the above horse. Address J. G. Rutherford, Superintendent of Agriculture and Animal Industry, Department of Natural Resources, C.P.R., Calgary.

Unreserved Auction Sale

I will offer for sale at my farm, 7 miles north and 3 west of Gleichen, on the N.W. 1/4 Sec. 23, Twp. 23, Rge. 23, W. 4, 7 miles east and 2 north of Namaka, 1 mile east and 1 1/2 miles north of Hammer Hill, the following described property, starting at 12:30 o'clock on

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25th, 1914

8 Head of Horses
6 Head of Cattle
35 Hogs
8 Dozen Chickens
A Lot of Farm Machinery, Etc.

THE HORSES COMPRISE

One black mare 8 years, 1300 lbs.
One dun mare 13 yrs., 1450 lbs.
One bay mare 6 yrs. 1250
One bay horse 6 yrs. 1290
Two Ponies with colts at side.

THE CATTLE COMPRISE:

Two Milch Cows giving milk, will be fresh in the spring.
One yearling heifer. 1 yearling steer
Three spring calves.

HARNESS, MACHINERY, ETC.

Two Sets of work harness, 1 democrat harness nearly new, 1 man's saddle, 1 kid's saddle, 1 pair humane collars, 1 Bain wagon, 1 Smith wagon, 1 hay rack, 1 buggy, 2 pair of files, 1 Deering binder 8 foot, 1 Deering drill 20 disc, 1 Oliver 12 inch triple gang plow nearly new, 1 Cockshutslakey 18 inch, 1 harrow and cart, 1 disc, 1 cultivator, 1 Deering hay rake, 1 McCormick mower, 1 grind stone, a lot of panel fencing, 1 cream separator nearly new, about 50 tons of hay and green feed, 100 bushels of potatoes, a hog feeder and troughs.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Consist of beds, dressers, chairs, table, two stoves, dishes, kitchen cabinet and sink. Everything goes but the cook and dishrag.

TERMS OF SALE:

All sums of \$25 and under, Cash. All sums over that amount half cash, balance credit of 11 months will be given purchaser giving approved joint note bearing 8 per cent interest from date until paid. 5 per cent discount for cash on all time sales.

FREE LUNCHEON AT 11:30.

J. P. INMAN, Owner.

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H. G. LYONS, Clerk.

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Meets Every Monday Evening at 8
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Visiting brethren cordially invited.
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KNIGHTS of PYTHIAS
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499 left ribs R 9 left ribs
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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1914

DISASTERS MORE TERRIBLE THAN RAVAGES OF WAR

Terrible as are the ravages of war, they are far surpassed by some other disasters which from time to time overwhelm the human race. The Franco-Prussian war killed about 130,000 in seven months. The death roll of the Russo-Japanese reached about 200,000. A single earthquake (1737 in India) has been estimated to have caused 300,000 deaths. The fatalities of the Messina earthquake in 1908 cannot have been far short of 100,000. A tidal wave in 1896 drowned 27,000 persons in Japan, causing a greater loss of life than the whole war with China in 1894. The earthquake in Japan in 1703 is said to have killed 200,000 people. The Lisbon earthquake in 1755 destroyed 50,000 human lives, while 40,000 were lost in the same year in earthquakes in Persia.

Terrible as such disasters are, they pass over the multitudes of the human population of our globe as the merest ripples on a mighty sea. The total population of the earth is somewhere about one thousand eight hundred millions. Annually there are added to it fourteen million souls. Every year at least 80 millions are born, and 60 or 70 millions die. This means a daily birth rate of 220 thousand, a death rate of 180 thousand. The daily increase in population is 40 thousand. In comparison with this irresistibly swelling tide, what are the greatest battles, wars or earthquakes, but almost microscopic ripples? If we imagine that the power were given to some despot to order a wholesale slaughter, and that guillotines were kept busy beheading one man every minute, night and day, this would add only three quarters of one per cent to the existing death rate!

Compared with the constant and regular causes of death, too, war and catastrophes of nature sink into insignificance. In British India, with a population of 300 millions, seven hundred thousand die each year of the plague. The infant mortality is responsible for some 3 or 4 million deaths annually in Europe alone, probably for some 25 millions all the world over. If this mortality could be reduced four per cent, one million lives would be saved every year. It is estimated that the decline in the birth rate in Germany since 1905 has reduced the number of annual births by about 180 thousand. Were it not for a more than compensating diminution in the death rate, the effect of this decline on the population would exceed in a single year the influence of the destruction of Messina. The total number of suicides in Europe alone is from sixty to seventy thousands. Every summer in which the temperature rises above its usual range kills hundreds of thousands of infants in excess of the normal rate. And so on, instances might be multiplied almost indefinitely. The human race is insured with almost infinite security against destruction.

THE VALUE OF HUMAN LIFE

The value of human life has fluctuated greatly in the different periods of the world's history, writes Dale H. Carnegie in Leslie's Weekly. To the Spartans life was cheap. The highest duty was to be a soldier; the greatest honor was to give away life for the state. Napoleon estimated the thousands of lives his conquest for a universal empire would cost, and he marched on sacrificing them. Life had little value. Under Henry 8th death was the punishment for stealing three shillings; there were 253 crimes punishable by death; 72 thousand people were executed in his reign. Formerly war, pestilence and famine swept off humanity by the countless millions. During the Thirty Years' war 18 millions of Germany's population were killed. The Black Death devoured 25 million people in Europe during the fourteenth century. Three hundred and fifty famines have swept over the earth since the beginning of history. Human life has been destroyed like bubbles. Today all this has changed. Small pox and

THE PULLING POWER

OF ANY ESTABLISHMENT IS ITS ABILITY TO SERVE THE PUBLIC.
GOOD SERVICE and GOOD VALUES is the team which we have in the harness.

SUGAR

Sugar dropped 30 cents per 100 pounds at the Refineries last week and we have gone one better and dropped our Retail Price 50%. Now selling at \$8.50

Canned Vegetables

Canned Vegetables are now arriving and we can supply enormous quantities. We are quoting Tomatoes by the case at the low price of... \$2.75 That is reducing the high cost of living somewhat.

Peas, Beans, Corn, etc., all at special reduced prices—considerably under last seasons quotations.

CANNED FRUITS

B. C. output. All are choice this fall and the prices very low.

Regular 25¢ tins of Plums and Green Gages now offering at 2 for 25c. packed in heavy syrup.

Regular 25¢ tins of Pears, Peaches and Apricots now offering at 2 for... 30c.

B. C. Jams in pails from 60c. up

Raisins, Currants, Peels, etc., in large quantities now in stock. Mail Order Houses' Quotations all knocked to pieces.

Flour

Robin Hood Flour per sack... \$3.75

Western Queen Flour per sack... \$3.40

Watch out for our fall letter going through this weeks mail. It pays to read our quotations.

DRY GOODS

The Fall Dry Goods Business is Good.

We are rushing out Heavy lines of Underwear \$1. per Suit up

Sheep-Lined Coats from... \$5.00 up

Gloves and Mitts very special values at, per pair... 50c. up

See our excellent values at per pair... \$1.00

Clothing

Overcoats and Fall Clothing in choice selections. Also Semi-Ready Suits and Overcoats to measure. Six hundred patrons to select from.

See our window display of eastern caps. Woman's, Misses and Childrens Rubbers from 25 cents per pair up.

All Kinds of Overshoes, all No. 1 grade in stock.

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Coffee,
Tea,
Beef Tea,
—Bullion of all Kinds—

Ice Cream at all seasons

yellow fever, for ages the two dreaded horrors of mankind have lost their terror. The new discoveries in surgery have alleviated untold suffering. Formerly operations were performed while the subject writhed and shrieked with pain. Today anesthetic render the patient as insensible as a mountain boulder. The leading physicians of the world recently cheered long and loudly Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute, when he pronounced to them that he had stopped the hearts of animals for two and one-half minutes and performed operations on their valves.

It is now only a short time until the time will arrive when the ratepayers of Gleichen will be called upon to once more exercise their power at the ballot box and state their approval or disapproval of the present councillors. True, there has been few regular meetings of the Council for several months, for many reasons. Nevertheless, the incumbents of office have seemingly worked together most amicably this year and there has been little criticism offered publicly. However, it appears that there are several important questions to come up during the next year and those most interested in the town's welfare should now be preparing to discuss them in the light of the best interests of the best town in Alberta.

What do you think of the man who draws his pay in one town and spends it another?

Every dollar spent for the goods that your fellow-countrymen make is as important just now as every Canadian bullet sent into the ranks of the enemy.

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Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which insures best returns in dairying and mixed farming.

Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement, with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community.

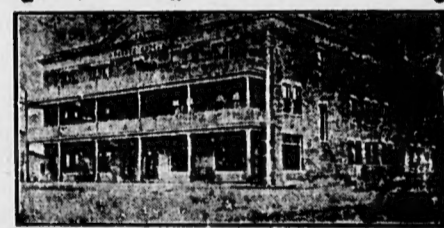
Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the year 1914 having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices ranging from \$35 to \$75 per acre, with twenty years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000.00 for improvements (6% interest); no principal payment at end of first or second years and no water rental for first year. Assistance is also given in supplying stock in approved instances.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. Get full particulars from

Department of Natural Resource,
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CALGARY, ALBERTA

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GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager

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The Gleichen Pharmacy

The Call from now to December 31st, 1915, \$1.50

SHE WAS WINNING WADER.

Much Interest Evincing in Outcome of the Contest.

At the recent annual outing of the State Coal Dealers' Association at Clear Lake, Des Moines, Ia., Miss Olive Mott won the wading contest in the presence of six admiring spectators. The conditions were that barring shoes and stockings, each competitor should wear her accustomed clothing; if the lake water wetted her lingerie she was disqualified at once.

Miss Mott's father is president of the association, and, being very anxious she should win, said to her paternal uncle: "Go as far as you like, Olive." Miss Mott, who is a very tall girl, went seventy-five feet into the lake, five feet further than her nearest competitor, Mrs. G. L. Reeves. And the winner was the only one of the eighteen waders whose clothes remained as dry as if they had just come from the ironing board.

The eighteen took off their shoes and stockings in a tent, and, after other necessary preparations, walked to the lake between two lines of women, each of whom had a parasol over her shoulder, so all the men in the outing rushed to the water's edge and got their feet wet. The three men who judged the interesting contest were in a small boat. There had been much rivalry for the position of judge, for the lake is well named.

The judges took the victor's bouquet, blushing Miss Mott in their boat, carried her triumphantly to shore. Besides their shoes and stockings most of the competitors put on dry lingerie in the robing tent. Miss Mott's prize was three-fold—a box of silk stockings, garters with gold buckles and silk parasol.

WOULDN'T FISH SUNDAYS.

Lord Linlithgow Declined Invitation to Sunday Merry-Making.

Several stories are told about Lord Linlithgow, the first Governor-General of the Australian Commonwealth. In the colonies his lordship was a great success, and it is related of the earl that when paying his official visit to Gippsland he rode through the country attired in bush garb—colored shirt, breeches, top boots and slouch hat. At Alberton he was received by the municipal fathers in shirt sleeves, and they, thinking to do him honor, invited him to a boating and fishing picnic on the following Sunday. Lord Hopetoun, as he then was, replied that, as he never went fishing on Sunday, he was unable to accept. Although a Scotswoman, Lord Linlithgow usually attended the St. Patrick's Day demonstration in Melbourne. At one of these gatherings he related how, as a very young man, he had set out on tour of Ireland. A Dublin horsekeeper, who fitted him out for the expedition, stily remarked that perhaps his eyes would linger on some pretty colleen who would make him happy for life. "It did," remarked his excellency, amid general laughter, in which Lord Linlithgow, who is the daughter of an Irish peer, heartily joined.

Lady Balfour's Kindness.

Lady Blanche Balfour, the mother of Mr. Balfour, was once hurrying to catch an afternoon train for her home, when she noticed a child weeping piteously in the street. Lady Blanche at once stopped and inquired the reason of its distress and the little one sobbed out that her mother was dying and that they were all starving at home. Lady Blanche, the kindest-hearted of women, put all thoughts aside of catching her train and went instead with the child to ascertain if the story was true. It proved to be so, one of those terrible tragedies of humble life where the dying widowed mother was troubled in death over the future of her children. Her visitor, however, reassured her, and promised to care for those helpless beings left behind to face the battle of life. Lady Blanche kept her promise, she took an active interest in her proteges and finally started them in various useful professions.

Ants Build Skyscrapers.

The white ants, or termites are great builders. A naturalist exploring in Bonaparte came across a cone shaped mound of clay hill which they had constructed which was eighteen feet in height, while many others were from ten to fifteen feet high. When one compares the size of these ants with that of men it becomes apparent that these hills are real skyscrapers from the termite viewpoint. If there is any. While the average man is five and one-half feet high, the ants are only half an inch high. Therefore a ten foot ant hill is 240 times the size of one of its builders, while such a structure as the Eiffel tower, though rising 984 feet, is only about 179 times the height of the average man.

Got What He Wanted.

"Good morning, uncle. How are you to-day?"
"Ah, nephew, I am well. How are you?"
"First rate. Guess what brought me here."
"Oh, the old story, I suppose."
"I'll bet you 5 shillings you can't guess."
"I'll take it! You came here to borrow some money."
"You've lost! Pay me the 5 shillings! I only wanted to inquire how aunt is to-day!"

New Cure For Diphtheria.

Dr. Ernest Jentach of Chicago declares he has found a new and efficient cure for diphtheria in lobelia injected hypodermically. He proved his faith in the new treatment by treating his son when he was sick with diphtheria a year ago. The son recovered, and since then, he says, he has cured 150 cases of the disease with this remedy.

African Beauty.

An African woman, to be considered beautiful, must have small eyes, thick lips, a large flat nose and as intensely black skin.

The War Bulletins From Day to Day

(Continued from page 1)

Monday, Nov. 16

Washington: "The United States government has known officially for two weeks of the sinking of the British dreadnaught 'Audacious' by a mine on the Irish coast but has remained silent at the request of the British Government." The London admiralty remains silent regarding the Audacious.

Westminster Abbey has offered a burial place to Lord Roberts and it is announced that Lady Roberts is unable to accept the offer.

German casualties to date is 335,000 exclusive of Poland.

It is rumored that in consequence of rains a big force of Germans around Dixmude have been cut off by floods.

Berlin officially announced that the British destroyer 'Falcon', the cruiser 'Brilliant' and the sloop of war 'Runaldo' were disabled by the Germans off the coast of Belgium.

An official despatch from Paris yesterday states that along the Yser canal from Nieupoort to the country up the river to Dixmunden the fighting is by artillery exchanges.

A German regiment was completely destroyed south of Dixmunden.

Saturday Nov. 14

Vienna officially admits that the Russians occupy Tarnow, Jaslo and Karsno, Galicia.

Paris says officially: "In Belgium the German attack against the British at Nieupoort was repulsed and was a failure."

"The offensive movement by the enemy in East Ypres has been checked."

We have progressed in the environs of Bischope between the canal of Labasse and Arras.

"Near Verdun the enemy's offensive movement has been checked."

A despatch from Valparaiso, Chile, says the German cruisers, Leipzig and Dresden left early this morning.

Persistent rumors state the British super-dreadnaught 'Audacious' has hit a mine in the North Sea and was seriously damaged. Another rumor states the boilers were injured. The admiralty is silent on the subject.

Bombs dropped by the allies' air men ignited the benzine tank at Bruges.

The censorship is very light.

Friday, Nov. 13

The Russian present objective is Danzig.

A Copenhagen despatch says that the Kaiser has clipped off the up ends of his mustach.

Paris special despatch says a French torpedo boat rammed and sunk a German submarine off the west end of Belgium.

A despatch from Valparaiso says the German cruisers Leipzig and Dresden steamed into the harbor here and commenced immediately to take on supplies and provisions today.

A Berlin official announcement states German aviators have flown over the British seaports Harwich and Speerish.

Paris official despatch says from List to the sea fighting has been less violent than previous days and several efforts of the enemy to cross the Yser were checked.

Rumored among shipping firms in London that the German cruiser Karlsruhe has been cornered.

British casualties till October 31st approximately 57,000 this was given out by Asquith in the House last night.

Thursday, Nov 12

A report from the House of Commons this afternoon says three German cruisers were sunk in the Pacific at a place not specified, this is not confirmed officially.

Paris in an official statement says

WHEN YOU'RE SICK YOUR WAGES STOP

You know what that means—misery—worry—big bills—debt!

You know you can't afford to get sick. Keeping in good health means food and clothing for you and your family. It is up to you to take care of yourself. It is up to you, whenever you don't feel right, to take something to make you right, to strengthen you, build you up, ward off worse sickness—protect you and your family. That thing we have in Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion. In offering it to you, we protect you against money-risk, by personally promising you that, if it does not restore your health, we will give back your money without word or question. We believe it is the best builder of health, energy and strength you can get. It is helping many of your neighbors. If it don't help you, we will give back your money.

Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion is composed principally of pure Olive Oil and the Hypophosphites. Each has long been endorsed by successful physicians. Here they are for the first time combined. The result is a remarkable nerve, blood and strength-building remedy that is both food and medicine. For all who are nervous, run-down and debilitated—no matter what the cause; for old people; for convalescents; for puny children, we know of nothing that will give health and strength as quickly as Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion. It is a real builder of good blood, strong muscles, good digestion. Pleasant to take, it contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. If you don't feel well, economize both money and strength by beginning today to take Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion. Sold only at the Rexall Stores, and in this town only by us, \$1.00.

A. R. YATES, - - - Gleichen

that no important changes have taken place since the tenth and fighting continues on the left wing with alternate advances and retirements of no importance.

Several strategic points of utmost importance to Turkey already have been seized by the Russians.

Lehigh Valley train running from Buffalo to New York derailed and 50 people were injured and none killed.

A Turkish torpedo boat which escaped from the Dardanelles was captured off Tendus Island coast of Asia Minor.

Six battalions of Austrian infantry with quick firers which crossed the Danube on November ninth were annihilated by Servians in a counter attack.

Alderman W. J. Tregillus of Calgary died today.

NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning.

J. H. GOODERHAM,

16th Indian Agent.



J. A. RAMSAY
AGENT

at the Gleichen
BUSY STORE

Whole Wheat Flour

Now extensively used in making Brown Bread, Cakes, etc. as well as Breakfast food.

—BUY NOW—

before the price advances. \$3.00 per 100 pounds, in quantities to suit purchaser. Flour ground from your own wheat, 30 cents per 100 lbs.

F.A. Williams, Gleichen Alberta

MR. FARMER

A good hotel is what man wants and a good feed barn is what horses need. Put your horses in the Gleichen Livery Barn and let them enjoy a good feed in a good barn while you enjoy yours at the hotel.

J. E. BROWN, - - - ROY M. ALLEN

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REAL ESTATE
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Touring Car - - \$590
Runabout - - 540
Town Car - - 840

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In the Dominion of Canada Only
Effective from August 1st, 1914, to August 1st, 1915
and guaranteed against any reduction during that time
W. R. McKie, Dealer, Gleichen, Alberta.

EMERSON HIGH LIFT PLOW

Your Spring Work is drawing near. Look well to your implements and see that you have the best. And

Don't Forget to See

R. M. JOHNSTON
Namaka, Alberta

for your Implements. Right prices and terms. SEE US!

GETTING BETTER AFTER SICKNESS

Nothing has ever equaled or compared with the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion to arrest the decline, invigorate the blood, strengthen the nervous system, aid the appetite and restore the courage of better health.

Scott's Emulsion is pure health-building food, without harmful drugs.

TRY IT

Training Officer. For the Army

The Standard has an article on the work of the Officers' Training Corps, now busily engaged in the instruction of officers for the new army which Lord Kitchener is organizing. The writer describes one of the schools at Headley, near Epsom, in Surrey, and most masterly précis of this ordinary military education is made at Headley camp, and very particularly have extreme possibilities been overlooked and practical certainties remembered. In one very important particular a Kitchener school has an advantage over the Sandhurst cadet. The former knows only too well that what he is being taught is sure to lead. He begins a little after six in the morning, and his start of the day is eminently practical. He hustles into garments of sorts and does extension exercises, after that he takes in the open, dresses, and has his breakfast. Then follows drill—parade after parade, with short breaks to rest and as well as body. The progress which has been made already is extraordinary. I can insist too strongly upon the supreme practicability of the teaching given these young officers. In the short, sharp course of instruction which they are undergoing, those responsible for the administration of the scheme, have avoided both the Scylla of cramming and the Charybdis of what the military authorities contemptuously call "theorizing." Short lectures are sandwiched in between the drill periods, and at half-past four comes tea. Subsequently there is the necessary private study. Private study at Headley, can do more than mean the mechanical pouring over long-winded military treatises. Today we have the Field Service Pocket Book, and the young man who has a practical knowledge of all military duty, is ipso facto, a practical soldier. Considering the suddenness with which the new army was called into being, we may rank the training of these young officers as a military feat.

Teacher—What does the word "celibacy" mean?
 Pupil—The state of being single.
 Teacher—Correct. Now if you wanted to express the opposite of celibacy, or singleness, what word would you use?
 Pupil—Pleury. — The School.

Warlike Mistress—Don't you think, James, you would like to join Lord Kitchener's army?
 Peaceful Footman—Thank you, mum, but I don't see as 'ow I'd be bettering myself. Wars for me as likes it, which I never did.—Punch.



A Good Lamp Burns Its Own Smoke

The Rayo Lamp mixes air and oil in just the right proportions, so that you get a clear, bright light without a trace of smell or smoke.

Rayo LAMPS

Rayo lamps are easy on the eyes—soft and steady—light up a whole room.

Made of solid brass, nickel plated—handsome, made to last. Easy to clean and rewick.

Dealers everywhere carry Rayo lamps—various styles and sizes.

ROYALITE OIL is best for all uses



THE IMPERIAL OIL CO. Limited
 Winnipeg, Calgary, Regina, Montreal,
 Quebec, Halifax, Edmonton, Saskatoon,
 Vancouver, Toronto, Ottawa.

DUTCH AGAINST GERMANS

Open Letter Warns Germany Against Expecting Too Much Credulity in the World

The leading Amsterdam weekly paper, the *Weekblad Voor Nederland*, writes in the form of an open letter to our German friends, a scathing reply to the constant communications which, it says, reach Holland from Germany to explain that Germany has "a clean conscience." The Amsterdam journal remarks that German reasoning is less effective than German guns, and that, although it is always painful to disillusion people who are in a state of madness, it is necessary to make certain things plain. The letter proceeds:

"I should like to consider for a moment the relations between Germany and Belgium. Strange to say, the fact is that what the Germans regard as a crime on the part of the Belgians—the maintenance of neutrality. And yet the Belgians are just as good as the Germans in their attitude of defence themselves with all their strength against an attack upon their neutrality—as is their duty, and as we, too, should still do.

"Moreover, as the Germans perfectly well know, the defence of neutrality is not an act of war. At any rate, it is the relations of international law, about which there is much zeal in Germany as well as elsewhere. The Belgians wanted, in fact, to be left in peace—just like the Dutch. Now that was too detrimental to German war interests. We now, said the German chancellor, that we are doing wrong, but we cannot help it. If Belgium permits us this, we shall make it up afterwards in the most friendly way possible.

"Really! The German imperial chancellor and the German people were surely not for long and for long, as the German chancellor said, that the word 'must' the matter was for Belgium finished and done with. Belgium had another neighbor in the south, and if Belgium had granted Germany the right of entry, France would have had the right to demand it as a *caveau* bell. It must be one thing or the other. A people preserves its neutrality on all sides or preserves it not at all. Belgium was compelled to reject it with force. And yet Germany complains!

"Ask your professors of international law what the German people put her signature to at the second Hague peace conference. Think for a moment of all that you people in Germany felt, and said, and wrote at the time of the peace. Think of that, putting Belgium in the place of England, and Germany in the place of Belgium. Or read your Wilhelm Tell again, and imagine Switzerland as Belgium."

The letter goes on to remind the Germans of the provocation offered to the Belgian people, especially when the German chancellor admitted that Belgium was now acting as a German spy. It is observed that what "offences against international law" Belgian peasants may have committed, the very presence of the German army in the country was, as the German chancellor himself admitted, an offence against international law. It was not enough, however, that the Belgians should pay once for this wrong. The Germans made them pay twice. Quibble as they may, the Germans will never reconcile that with their own better conscience, and will not do so with the conscience of the world.

Warts on the hands is a disfigurement that troubles many ladies. Hollaway's Corn Cure will remove the blemishes without pain.

German Shell Fire

The character of the German shell fire is described by Private S. Taylor, of the 2nd Worcestershire Regiment, who was wounded by shrapnel during the fighting at Mons, and has now returned to his home at Rowley Regis.

Upon receiving the order to sit down to dinner, but before the meal could be served shells began to fall among them like hailstones. They were then told to lie flat. The German shell firing was deadly, and the resistance was cut up. The King's Own Scottish Borderers, who were on the left began the engagement, 1,700 strong and ended with about 250. As to the shooting of the German infantry Taylor said they could not hit a haystack in an enemy. Not more than one bullet hit a haystack, found its mark. The British soldiers had the better of the fight until their ranks were thinned.

Taylor was taken to a church which had been transformed into a hospital, but the building was shelled to such an extent by the Germans that the wounded had to be removed.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

Financial Stringency

Mrs. Barrows was worried—that fact was evident to her husband, although she tried very hard to maintain her usual cheerful manner. But before the evening was over she was imparted to him the cause of her anxiety.

"Will," said she, "I am very much afraid that my bank is in a bad way."

"How foolish, Mabel! Don't let that cause you a moment's worry. Why, it's one of the strongest financial institutions in the state. What ever got that idea into your head?"

"Well, it's very strange," replied Mrs. Barrows, still unconvinced. "They've just returned a check of mine for \$10 marked 'No Funds.'"

An amusing story is told of an adventure which befell the Royal Scots at the front. On one occasion they had very little food for two days, and they were anxiously awaiting a new field kitchen, which was to be large enough to hold a hundred men. The kitchen arrived after great delay, with three pots boiling and the soldiers meal ready. In eager anticipation the men had gathered round for their dinner, when a German shell landed in the middle of the kitchen, blowing it to fragments. For fifty yards round the men were smothered with the dinner which they had hoped to consume. Singularly enough not a man was killed, but the regiment had to go hungry—and greasy.

"Did you ever read 'Aesop's Fables'?"
 "Yes, why?"
 "Was Aesop a war correspondent?"

MOTHERS

REMEMBER! The ointment you put on your child's skin gets into the system just as surely as food the child eats. Don't let impure fats and mineral coloring matter (such as many of the cheap ointments contain) get into your child's blood! Zam-Buk is purely herbal. No poisonous coloring. Use it always. 50c. Box of All Druggists and Stores.

USE ONLY ZAM-BUK FOR CHILDREN'S SORES

The Home Garden

The British board of agriculture has advised the householders of Great Britain to utilize every foot of spare land in the planting of garden for next year, to supply as far as possible their own garden produce. In this way they can assist in relieving any shortage which may develop on account of war conditions.

This suggestion is of equal importance to Canadians. Attached to nearly every home are pieces of ground which at present are merely waste land. With little effort these may be converted into productive gardens. It requires very little space for a garden that, with ordinary care, will supply an average household with vegetables. By cultivating the available ground many Canadian families can reduce their living expenses, and at the same time, secure vegetables which are absolutely fresh.

On Sale Everywhere.—There may be country merchants who do not keep Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, though they are few and far between, and these may suggest that some other oil is just as good. There is nothing so good as a liniment or as an internal medicine in certain cases. Take no other. The demand for it shows that it is the only popular oil.

Entente Cordiale

The following narrative shows the comradeship of the British and French troops in the trenches: "A regiment lay in trenches under a mixed rifle and shrapnel fire. Suddenly a couple of privates noticed that the French interpreter was awkwardly placed at a spot where the trench was not wide enough to enable him to make proper use of his rifle.

"The Frenchman isn't comfortable," said one, and both left the trench, sprang in hand, knowing well that they were serving the enemy at a disadvantage. The Frenchman, on their side, returned the compliment, and returned with unbroken calm to their own places and their rifles.

"Our British Allies have, as every one knows, two main preoccupations,—to be able to shave and to have tea. No danger deter them from their sojourn in the trench and the teapot. At the end of the trench, in the department of the North, I heard a British officer of high rank declare with a delicious calm between two attacks on the town: 'Gentlemen, it was nothing. Let's go and have a cup of tea.' This man took advantage of the brief respite to crowd round the pump, where, producing soap and suds, they proceeded to shave with little bits of broken glass serving as mirrors."

The writer was profoundly amused by the new British war-cry. "Care we down-hearted?" and the response, "Not!" which follows it. After a volley has swept the ranks there is always some joker to shout the question, and all the rest roar out in the midst of general laughter, "No."

Canada's Warriors

The tactical ability of the Canadian soldier in the very nature of things is high. He is adaptable and can meet any situation that may arise. The conditions of the country in which he lives or has spent a considerable part of his life have called for the development of his faculties along many lines. On the prairies he becomes an expert hunter and marksman. In the mountains, as a hunter or prospector, he develops steadiness, alertness and the ability to stand fatigue. He is accustomed to all varieties of climate from extreme cold to oppressive heat. He is fearless and patriotic. This is a combination that is hard to beat, and the Germans are going to find it so.—Victoria Times.

It Cures Corns Quickly

Putnam's Corn Extractor is warranted to cure Corns without pain. In a few hours. Give "Putnam's" a trial and you will be satisfied. It is sure, safe and painless.

Old Gentleman (who has just finished reading an account of a shipwreck with loss of passengers and all hands)—"I am sorry for the poor sailors that were drowned. Old Lady—Sailors? It isn't the sailors, it's the passengers I am sorry for. The sailors are used to it.

"Here, caddy, you haven't given me enough change."
 "Well, mister, you can't expect to hire a boss and a carriage and a pet accountant for fifty cents a mile."—Life.

Sore Granulated Eyelids,
 Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind
 quickly relieved by **Murine Eye Remedy.** No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort.
 Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Murine Eye Salve** Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Remedy, Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Germany's Gospel of Culture

What was that German culture? What was its object and its practice? Its first object seemed to be—inspired, he supposed, by the forty universities—to destroy all other universities, and they had begun by destroying the University of Louvain, which by solemn treaty they had sworn to preserve. The second object was to drown Belgium, which they had guaranteed by a solemn act in blood and in fire, and the third was to destroy all historical monuments within their reach, and to do what the greatest barbarians in history would never even have contemplated. Louvain, Malines, Gent, all attested the benevolence of German culture, and that day we had the final report that one of the most glorious monuments of Christian architecture in the world, one of the most historical antetypes of our Westminster Abbey, the cathedral of Reims, had been wretchedly bombed and destroyed by the apostles of German culture.

Can you conceive a more deliberate and public repudiation of Christianity from that state which is constantly arrogating to itself the special privilege of being the most Christian? The wicked destruction of great Christian temples, destroying at the same time some wounded—some German wounded—even some Sisters of Charity who had taken refuge under that sacred roof? Well, that is German culture. That is what is being spread at the point of the bayonet by the Prussian armies all over the world, and that German culture is one of the things that we are determined to resist.—Speech by Lord Rosebery.

How the Kaiser Took it

When Sir Edward Goschen, the late British ambassador in Berlin, went to say good-bye to the Kaiser, he stalked into the room where the ambassador was waiting, dressed in uniform and wearing British orders and medals on his breast, which he tore off and threw at Sir Edward's feet. "Tell your king," he said, "that's what I think of him and his medals." He then abruptly left the room, gnashing his teeth with rage.

When the German messengers at the British embassy were paid their wages, they took off their liveries and spat on them. The ambassador and his family could not find food at the embassy, as the servants deserted and the restaurants refused to supply them. Not one of their "friends" in Berlin stirred a finger to help them.

All this is in curious contrast to the courtesy shown in London to Prince Lichnowsky and Count Mensdorff.—London Express.

BRIGHT, HEALTHY, ATTRACTIVE GIRLS

This Condition Can Only Be Maintained Through Rich, Red Blood

It makes all the difference in the world to a girl whether she develops into a bright, healthy attractive woman, or sinks into a sickly, unhappy, "ferocious" invalid.

The girl whose blood is poor and scanty—who is anemic as the doctor terms it—starts life under too great a handicap. She is weaker and more frail than her companions who have rich, red blood. She is more likely to be sick in body and mind, and work of any kind exhausts her. In time her health breaks down. She becomes pale, looks worn out, is languid, irritable and nervous. Her heart palpitates violently at the least exertion, and she falls behind her girls in school, health and capacity for enjoying life. Abundant rich, red blood is the only thing that can restore good health to the many thousands of such girls. This rich, red blood can only be obtained through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have given thousands of weak, white-faced, bloodless girls, robust, vigorous health and high spirits. Here is a bit of proof. Miss Olive Gauvreau, St. Jerome, Que., says: "I have reason to be more than grateful to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for they restored me to health after a long illness. I suffered as so many girls do from anemia. I was all run down, tortured with headaches, could not stand any exertion, and had no appetite, though of course I had to force myself to eat. I was a condition for nearly two years, and although doctoring continually, seemed to be steadily growing worse, and I was very much discouraged and despondent. Finally a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I discontinued all other medicines and diet. In the course of a few weeks there was a room to doubt that I had at last found the right medicine. My appetite returned, the headaches began to come less frequently, and color was returning to my face. The continued use of the Pills for a little longer fully restored my health and I have since been as healthy and active as anyone could wish. I cannot too strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other weak and ailing girls."

You can get these Pills through your medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Saving the Gun

Remarkable bravery is attributed to two drivers of the Royal Field Artillery, in the battle of Mons, by Lance-Corporal Bignell, of the Royal British regiment, who was wounded in the engagement.

"These brave drivers brought a gun out of action with shells bursting around them. They had noticed that the gunners had been all killed, but calmly and heroically, walked their horses down to the gun. One driver held the reins, and the other, while the other limbered up, and the gun was brought safely back, neither man nor horses being hit. They had a miraculous escape. As we watched them from the trenches we thought it impossible for them to escape death. Shot and shell were plunging the ground up all round them. It was magnificent bravery and worthy of high recognition."

Bill—I noticed you were very quick to give up your seat in the street car last night.

Dix—Yes, since childhood days I have never felt easy when I saw a woman with a strap in her hands.—Boston Transcript.

AN IMPERIAL MYSTERY

The Wonderful Fabric and Cohesion of the British Empire

Whenever Germany and France, with their highly centralized and logical wrought-out governments, have contemplated the fabric known as the British empire they have smiled smiles of disdain.

If ever there was an instance of "muddling along" through decades and even centuries, taking things for granted, avoiding issues, extemporizing expedients, and working always for the object immediately in view, with scant reference to any principle of outward consistency, it is supplied by the history of the making of the British empire. This is a strange, haphazard, hodge-podge of Crown Colonies, Dominions, Protectorates, a Commonwealth, Dependencies—and India. India is directly ruled by the Crown. Jersey, Guernsey, and the Isle of Man are governed under their own laws, but certain officials are appointed by the Crown. Canada and Australia are both self-governing, but the governors in Canada are appointed by the governor-general, while those of Australia are elected. There is a secretary of state for India in the King's cabinet. And all gradations of self-government may be found in the more than ninety units of the British empire.

This fearful and wonderful fabric has no central body. There is no "Bundesrath" or Imperial Council. No collective action of its units is possible. The relations to them of the Mother Country is illogical, ill-defined. To the foreigner accustomed to the federation of the American States or of the units of the German empire the government looks planless and ineffective.

All of which is preliminary to the observation that there is not at the present moment any more effective institution in the whole world of political fabrics than the British empire. Whatever its machinery lacks appears to be supplied by its spirit. The defects of its body are made up for by the unity of its soul.

The fact cannot be gainsaid that England, who does not begin to be as logical as Germany or as systematic as France in matters of government, has nevertheless the knack of making men step out of their own free will, to die in her defence. She has the gift of keeping alive, across a tumbling sea, round half a world, the undying bond that unites the heart to home. She has shown herself indifferent to the possession of taxing power over her colonies—but what matters it? Those colonies willing tax themselves to send her warships, and their sons seize their rifles in time of strife to go to her aid. She has the wisdom to train and guide the swarthy children of alien races, and even the foes of yesterday, that they put their living bodies between England and England's enemies. She has a fearfully muddled theory of government, but her practice of government lays hold on the deepest things in the soul of man.

As we contemplate this wonder of an empire which is an empire of the spirit, an empire whose philosophy of politics is all wrong, but for which the costliest things within the gift of man are poured out without stint, we are moved to wonder whether this is a prophecy of the future. Will the stars of the coming days make more of the spirit and less of the machine? Will they reckon less of constitutions and bills of rights and fabrics of government and more of the invisible things which touch the soul?

The British empire is unscientific. It is unreasonable. But it is mighty, with the greatness of the soul.—St. Louis Republic.

Retribution

Denyse Cartier is a thirteen-year-old girl. She went out walking with her father in Paris last Sunday afternoon. The two were enjoying fair weather and a bit of homey confidence. War's horrors to them were seemingly remote. The world looked good. But they forgot that science was putting itself to the test of accomplishment—the science of aviation, experiments in which have set all mankind marvelling. Overhead a great man-of-war flying thing whirled and wheeled. The two French folk gazed in wonder and awe.

Then something happened. A bomb was dropped. There was a deafening explosion. The father's head was blown from his shoulders and he fell in a bloody heap, a horrible, sickening spectacle. Denyse, too, lay bleeding on the ground. One of her legs was torn to shreds. But she was still conscious. "Don't tell mamma," she begged of the policeman who gathered her up in his arms. On Monday at the hospital when the surgeon came to tell her amputation was necessary she smiled at him and then passed into merciful unconsciousness, only to awake a cripple for life, if indeed her life is to be spared.

Science meanwhile had triumphed. It had been proved that an airplane could defy a whole city. That from a height out of reach it could strike to kill. That it could strike to kill not only armed men, but the unarmed and even little children. That it could strike in defence of a great principle, for the honor of a powerful nation. That it was not a mere plaything, but a weapon to be feared, terrible in its execution and swift to get away. Possibly the aviator who thus vindicated his cause and won another triumph in navigation of the air, laughed in glee as he flew away. We may be sure the deed in his mind.

But somewhere Someone was taking note of Denyse Cartier. "Are not two sparrows sold for a farthing?" and one of them shall not fall to the ground without your Father's." "The aeroplane which flew over Paris on Sunday, and dropped bombs killing two persons, was a child of mine," said the aviator who was killed. "Sometimes the mills of the gods do not grind slowly."—Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

Willie—Say, teacher, tomorrow's my birthday.

Teacher—Why, what a strange coincidence! It's mine, too!

Willie—Well, gee! How'd you ever get so much bigger'n me, then?—American School Board Journal.

Salesman—Perhaps this French doll will please the baby.

Buyer—No, sir, I'm strictly neutral. Gimme a drum and a gun and a box of soldiers and a toy pistol.—Philadelphia Ledger.

REPEATING SHOTGUN

THE "Good Old Standby"—the gun that users swear by against all comers.

Pick out some friend you know who uses one. Ask him about it. Let him show you the Solid Breech, Bottom Ejection—shells, smoke and gas go down, away from your face; three Safety Devices, simple Take-down, the Hammerless feature.

Then, when you are ready to buy it, go to the Remington-UMC dealer in your community—Sportmen's Headquarters.

To keep your gun cleaned and lubricated right, use Rem Oil, the new powder solvent, rust preventative and gun lubricant.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Windsor, Ont., Canada

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The Planting and Care of Shade Trees

A bulletin entitled "The Planting and Care of Shade Trees," has just been issued by the Central Experimental Farm.

This publication, which has been prepared by Mr. F. E. Buck, B.S.A., assistant to the Dominion horticulturist, contains practical directions and advice in the selection of shade trees, their planting, transplanting and subsequent treatment and care, with notes on the principal injuries and unfavorable conditions to which shade trees are subjected, especially in town places. Lists of varieties suitable for street and home planting are also given.

This bulletin is No. 15 of the second series of the Central Experimental Farm, a copy of which will be mailed to those to whom the information is likely to be useful and who make application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

A Well Known Man

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend your MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
 T. B. LAVERS,
 St. John.

Starting Tree Distribution

The department of agriculture of the United States is preparing to inaugurate a system of distribution of trees in the Western States similar to that being carried on by the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior in Canada. Mr. W. A. Peterson, superintendent of the newly-established field station at Mandan, N.D., U.S.A., has recently visited the forest nursery station at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, in order to get information as to the method of handling the work in Canada, as it has now been definitely decided that the United States should propagate and distribute trees from the Mandan station under a system similar to that operating in Canada. It is interesting to know that in this respect Canada has led the way.

A Fin. Job

From a Boston paper comes the story of an old man named Bill Herndon, whose pride in his son, "Young Bill," flourished in the face of every discouragement.

"Bill's got a fine job now," the old man announced to a neighbor one morning; "a fine job! Saving money fast."

"What's he doing?" asked the other man.

"He's a night printer," Bill answered. "Oh, a fine job! He works nights and saves his lodgings, and then he sleeps all day and saves his food."

After trying unsuccessfully to open the larger door one small boy turned to his brother and said:

"It's no use, Jim. Not one of these keys will fit it."

"All right, then," said Jim resignedly, "all we can do is wait until mamma comes home, and ask her for something for being good boys."

Dr. Pillen—Are you going to call a consultation?

Dr. Bolus—I think not. I don't believe the patient has any more money than I need myself.—Boston Transcript.

The porter approached the absent minded man in the last seat in the chair car, saying:

"Shall I brush you off, sir?"

"No, thank you," was the reply, "I prefer to get off in the usual manner."

Battling for the Supremacy of Justice

The meaning of the British empire stands clear before the world today—clearer than the most gifted pens have ever written or the most informed minds have ever known. The rising of India to claim her honorable place in the battle front of all the Britains, the pouring of her troops across the seas, the opening of her purse, the eager service of her princes, the surging acclamation of her common faith and loyalty, compare a spectacle so moving and so wonderful that silent contemplation becomes easier than praise or even gratitude.

When the Kaiser threw down his brutal defiance to the peace of the world, to the law of nations and to the rights of humanity, he can little have dreamt from what distant shores the answering shout of justice and its defenders would return to him. Where he thought to sow discord he has begotten union; where he scattered the seeds of intimidation he is reaping the harvest of defiance and Nomads. When he broke the borders of a peaceful neighbor, how could he realize that he touched an alarm bringing remotest continents to the rescue? How could the intoxication of self-will foresee that Himalayas and Hindu Kush would march to the avenging of the Ardennes?

It is impossible to find words that can express the mighty significance of this gathering of the nations to punish wrong, and to support the strong arm uplifted in its defiance. No event in the history of the world has lent greater vividness to the dream of human confederation, of a supreme jurisdiction of justice, and of universal security for common liberty.—Pall Mall Gazette.

First Fish—European waters are getting dangerous with the mines.

Second Fish—Thank goodness, it doesn't cost us anything to swim to America.—New York Sun

WATERY RASH ITCHED AND BURNED

On Arms. Would Tingle and Itch. In One Great Mass. Looked Scaly. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Rash Disappeared.

So, Buxton, Ont.—"My skin trouble started about seven years ago. My arms began to tingle and itch. A watery rash, very fine and close together, would break out every summer. It would itch and burn as the trouble progressed and it became worse when I scratched it. It looked ashy and scaly and in one great mass. My arms were so disfigured I could not wear short sleeves. I could not help scratching it all the time and when I had taken a bath it would itch and burn for hours. My flesh was sore from scratching."

"I used all kinds of soap and used sulphur baths but nothing would relieve me. As last I saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in the paper and I sent for a sample. The samples helped me so much I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and began bathing with the soap and water as hot as I could bear it, then I would take a little of the ointment and put on the skin. I did this every night and morning. I used only two cakes of Soap and one box of Ointment and in less than six weeks the rash had all disappeared and now my arms look natural again." (Signed) Mrs. Andrew Johnston, May 29, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

A single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient when all else has failed. Sold throughout the world. Sample of each mailed free with 22-c. 22-c. Stamp. Address post-office "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A."

Phone 37 for Galt Coal at These Prices

Galt, large lump \$6.85 per ton delivered
Galt, nut \$4.25 per ton delivered
Bankhead hard coal \$8.50 per ton delivered
Steam coal \$5.00 at the bin
Briquettes 6.60 per ton delivered

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We move anything with two ends
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Stanfields heavy ribbed all wool underwear guaranteed not to shrink, union and two piece suits, \$2.50 and \$3.

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100 imported all wool worsted suits. Sale price \$8.95
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DR. DEYAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. Monthly medicine for \$10. at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN Restores Vitality for Nerve and Brain; Increases "grey matter"; a Tonic—will build you up. \$3 a box, or two for \$5. at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

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Gleichen Train Arrivals

Train No. 1—west bound— 3.14
" 3—west bound—10.47
" 2—east bound— 3.37
" 4—east bound—17.07

The War Bulletins From Day to Day

(Special from Calgary Herald)

Wednesday, Nov. 18

The Germans have suddenly resumed the offensive in Russian Poland and have attacked the heart of the Russian line. Warsaw is again threatened.

Captain Decker of U. S. cruiser Tennessee reported to Washington today that while proceeding from Vurla to Smyrna the vessel was fired upon by Turks.

Surgeon of Olympic denies emphatically that crew or passengers saw or heard of any disaster to the Audacious.

Paris officially states that yesterday saw numerous artillery duels and infantry attacks which were all repulsed. Active bombardment from North Sea to Lys continues also bombardment of Reims.

Nothing decisive gained either side and censorship very light.

Tuesday, Nov. 17th.

Government declares the entire North Sea inside the military area.

President Wilkie of the Imperial Bank of Toronto dead.

Petrograd despatch says that the advance of our vanguard in Turkey ended, meantime Turkish offensive movement along coast failed.

Brigadier Fife Gerald of Irish guards died in action at Ypres.

Pretoria despatch from Reuters states that General Christian Dewet has been wounded in the head and that his followers are dejected and badly armed.

Vienna admits there are 59 cases of cholera there and 30 cases in Austria.

Paris officially reports that from Nieuport and Dixmude to vicinity of Ypres the fighting has been resumed with greater violence than preceding days. Enemy has been forced to evacuate a portion of their trenches on account of the floods.

We have made progress between Bixchoote and Canal.

Certain German detachments which endeavored to cross the River Aisne near the valley are reported driven back or destroyed.

E. E. Holland is slowly recovering from his recent surprise.

The Gleichen Trading Co. have a few second hand heaters, also a celebrated Columbia Range for sale as good as new \$42.50, usual price \$58.00 Call and see our Hardware department. We have lots of snaps and don't forget that we sell the Jumbo Alarm Clock.

It is only duty and justice to encourage your home paper, extend to it the nourishment to which it is entitled. Pay your subscriptions promptly and send a few extra copies to your relatives and friends at a distance. They will appreciate the favor and so will we.

FOR RENT—A five room house. Good water close to the door, stable and some feed, vacant December 1st. Apply to Thos. Henderson.

W. W. Winspear
General Merchant,
Namaka



Direct Importer of
Men's Furnishings and
Dry Goods

BRITAIN'S GREATEST GENERAL DIES

Field-Marshal Earl Roberts died Saturday night in France of pneumonia while there on a visit of inspection to the Indian troops at the front. Earl Roberts, who the men of the ranks knew and loved as "Bobs" was Britain's greatest soldier and a national hero without rival in the affections of the people.

Despite his age, 82 years, he had never ceased hard work since his nominal retirement, and he often remarked that he lived a rigorously abstemious life that he might reserve his strength for his country.

During the past five or six years, when the German warcloud had been growing, he prosecuted an active campaign to persuade the nation to adopt a compulsory military service. By speeches in parliament and addresses before meetings throughout the kingdom, by magazine writings and letters he untiringly preached the necessity of having the men trained in the rudiments at least of the soldiers work so that they could be called to arms quickly to defend the country against invasion.

In conversation he expressed the conviction that Germany was planning to make war on Great Britain when she found an advantageous moment, and he believed that the supposed menace of civil war in Ireland was a factor in the European conflagration. Lord Roberts commanded none of the arts of the orator and usually read his speech. His popular nickname, "Bobs," implied no lack of personal dignity. Although only five feet three—a shade shorter than Field-Marshal French—his figure and bearing were the embodiment of soldiery character.

His home at Ascot was a modest unpretentious villa. For society he had neither time nor inclination.

He worked night and day for the welfare of the soldiers from the outbreak of the war, and took the greatest interest in the Indians and issued an appeal for funds for their wounded and sick.

It was in the Indian service that the gallant and efficient Irish soldier achieved his first and lasting fame. It was in South Africa in his later years that this was supplemented and magnified by his achievements in Great Britain's victorious campaign against the Boers.

"The greatest soldier of his time" were the words used by Emperor William of Germany, in paying tribute to him. "I hold him the ablest of to-day's soldiers."

Results At The Dominion Experimental Farm

Interesting figures showing comparative results of dry land and irrigation farming have been made by the Dominion Experimental Farm at Lethbridge, a copy of which has been sent to the CALL with a request that it be published. Experiments extending over a period of seven years are very conclusive in their evidence of the increased returns made possible by irrigation, as the following table will indicate:

WHEAT, (Red Fife)		
Year	Non-Irrigated	Irriga
1908	34	34
1909	29	37
1910	15	29
1911	—	hailed —
1912	31	63
1913	27	45
1914	20	67
Average	26	46
OATS (Banner)		
1908	80	88
1909	56	77
1910	21	68
1911	—	hailed —
1912	77	145
1913	73	115

1914	46	113
Average	59	101
BARLEY, (Claude)		
1908	255	60
1909	41	61
1910	12	42
1911	—	hailed
1912	29	81
1913	40	94
1914	30	97
Average	84	73
POTATOES, (Irish Cobbler)		
1908	92	235
1909	159	605
1910	103	521
1911	356	560
1912	296	501
1913	229	528
1914	400	495
Average	233	492

These figures show for the period of seven years, wheat under irrigation, yielded an average of 20 bushels per acre more than under dry farming; oats yielded 42 bushels more, barley 39 bushels more and potatoes 259 bushels more.

It should also be noted that under irrigation very successful crops of alfalfa were grown which not only were very profitable in themselves, but maintained and increased the fertility of the soil. As summerfallow is unnecessary where an alfalfa rotation can be established the farmer's land is producing a crop every year under irrigation as against every second year under dry farming practice.

Alberta Estray Law

The Alberta Estray Law prescribes that the party who takes up an estray animal must immediately notify the brand reader nearest to his place to come out and examine the animal and take a copy of the brand, if any, on the animal. Then an advertisement must be inserted in the nearest local paper and also in the Alberta Gazette, and until the law is complied with the holder of an astray cannot collect any fee for his trouble or feed. Prompt action must be taken, the law being very strict in this matter. The brand readers are entitled to a fee of two dollars for each animal they examine and mileage to the amount of 10c per mile for the first 10 miles. The cost of the advertising and the reading of the brands is a charge against the estray animal and must be paid when the animal is claimed. The party holding the animal is responsible for all charges until it is sold or redeemed by the owner. No charges for feed are allowed between the 15th day of April and the 15th day of November. From November 15 to April 15 a fee of 15c per head per day is allowed for horses and cattle, and from the day on which the notice is mailed to the owner of the estray animal or to the Alberta Gazette, but not exceeding the sum of nine dollars. South of the 20th township only five cents a day is allowed for feed and the total cost is limited to three dollars.



J. A. RAMSAY
AGENT
at the Gleichen
BUSY STORE

NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning.

J. H. GOODERHAM,
164 Indian Agent.



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Columbia Sanitary Range Our Specialty \$58

Heaters at Prices to suit all pockets and Buildings

We make a Specialty of cutlery and tools for all trades

Fine range of Winter Clothing suitable for men, women and children

Don't forget our grocery Department fresh stocks weekly

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GENERAL MERCHANTS

NOTE

Great reductions in meat on account of hard times.

Loin Steak 20c. per pound
Round Steak 20c. " "
ShOulder 15c " "
Shoulder Roast 15c. " "
Prime ribs boned and rolled 20c. lb.
Boiling beef flanks, plates and necks 10c per pound
Pork chops 15c. " "
Mutton chops 20c " "

The Pacific Cold Storage Co.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Excursions to
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ON SALE DEC. 1st to DEC. 31st, 1914
THREE MONTHS LIMIT

Very low fares to Toronto, Hamilton, Sarnia, Windsor, Montreal, Ottawa, Belleville, Kingston, St. John, Moncton, Halifax, and all other points in Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces

Reduced rates to points in Central States, including Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Chicago, Kansas City, and other points.

CHEAP RAIL FARES IN CONNECTION WITH TRANS-ATLANTIC PASSAGES. RETURN LIMIT FIVE MONTHS

All further information from any ticket agent or from
R. DAWSON, District Passenger Agent, Calgary

NEWSPAPER LAW

1.—The postmaster is required to give notice by letter (returning the paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reason for its not being taken. A neglect to do this makes the postmaster responsible to the publisher for payment.
2.—If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until payment is made.
3.—Any person who takes a paper out of the postoffice, whether directed to his name or not or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay.
4.—If a subscriber orders his paper stopped and the publisher continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it from the postoffice. This proceeds upon the ground that man must pay for what he uses.